

LONG TERM PLAN MATHS 2014-2015

RED= Y4 Objectives
 BLUE= Y5 Objectives
 GREEN= Y6 Objectives

	AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER
NUMBER AND PLACE VALUE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit • Round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 • Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy • Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 • Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit • Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers through zero • Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 • Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy • Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above • Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above • Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers through zero • Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals • Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) • Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers • Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy • Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) • Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers • Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy • Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why 	

MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION

- Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long multiplication
- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
- Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
- Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers.
- Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)

- Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
- Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
- Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
- Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
- Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
- Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy

- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to context
- Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates

FR ACTIONS, DECIMALS AND PERCENTAGES

- Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
 - Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
 - Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number (e.g. $2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 = 1 \frac{1}{5}$)
 - Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
 - Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
 - Compare and order fractions including fractions >1
 - Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
 - Read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. $0.71 = 71/100$)
 - Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
 - Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
 - Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- Solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places

- Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams.
- Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$)
- Divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. $1/3 \div 2 = 1/6$)
- Read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. $0.71 = 71/100$)
- Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- Solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places
- Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. $3/8$)
- Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places
- Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
- Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places
- Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.

- Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal
- Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $1/5$, $2/5$, $4/5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25
- Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts

RATIO AND PROPORTION		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts • Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages (e.g of measures, and such as 15% of 360) and the use of percentages for comparison 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found • Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples
ALGEBRA		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use simple formulae • Generate and describe linear number sequences • Express missing number problems algebraically 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns • Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

MEASUREMENT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) • Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate • Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints • Convert between miles and kilometre • Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres • Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares) and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes • Estimate volume (e.g. using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)) and capacity (e.g. using water) • Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa • Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes • Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles • Recognise when it is necessary to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems involving converting between units of time • Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example, length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation, including scaling • Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres (m³) and extending to other units (e.g. mm³ and km³).
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GEOMETRY	PROPERTIES OF SHAPE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and cuboids, from 2-D representations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles ▪ recognise , describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and cuboids, from 2-D representations • Know angles are measured in degrees; estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles • draw given angles, measuring them in degrees (°) • Identify <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) ▪ Angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) ▪ Other multiples of 90° ▪ draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles ▪ recognise , describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets ▪ compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons ▪ recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • use the properties of a rectangle to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles • distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles
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GEOMETRY	POSITION, DIRECTION AND		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. • Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) • Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. • Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) ▪ Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes
		STATISTICS	•	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph • Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables